

For Information, Toll Free: (877) 592-5169

Help Stop Poaching: (800) 662-DEER

# UTAH UPLAND GAME 2002/3



STATE OF UTAH  
NATURAL RESOURCES  
Division of Wildlife Resources  
[www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov)

Cover art: Trudy King Evenson

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## DIVISION OFFICES

**SALT LAKE OFFICE**  
1594 West North Temple  
Box 146301  
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-6301  
(801) 538-4700

**SOUTHEASTERN REGION**  
475 West Price River Dr., Ste. C  
Price, UT 84501  
(435) 636-0260

**CENTRAL REGION**  
1115 North Main Street  
Springville, UT 84663  
(801) 491-5678

**NORTHEASTERN REGION**  
152 East 100 North  
Vernal, UT 84078  
(435) 781-9453

**SOUTHERN REGION**  
PO Box 606  
1470 N. Airport Rd.  
Cedar City, UT 84720  
(435) 865-6100

**NORTHERN REGION**  
515 East 5300 South  
Ogden, UT 84405  
(801) 476-2740

## HUNTER EDUCATION CENTERS

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6000 West 2100 South  
Salt Lake City, UT 84120  
(801) 972-1326

**CACHE VALLEY HUNTER EDUCATION CENTER**  
2851 W. 200 N.  
Logan, UT 84321  
(435) 753-4600

**For Wildlife Information,**

Call Toll Free:

**1-877-592-5169**

or Visit Our Web Site:

[www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov)

**SANDHILL CRANE  
DRAW RESULTS**

**AVAILABLE AUGUST 7**

**Call Utah Wildlife**

**Administrative Services**

**TOLL FREE 1-800-221-0659**

**8 A.M. – 11 P.M. MONDAY-FRIDAY  
(EXCEPT HOLIDAYS)**

## WILDLIFE BOARD MEMBERS

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The Division of Wildlife Resources is funded by the sale of hunting and fishing licenses and through federal aid made possible by an excise tax on the sale of firearms and other hunting and fishing-related equipment.

**Utah!**

*Where ideas connect*

# 2002/2003 UPLAND GAME PROCLAMATION HIGHLIGHTS

**1** You must obtain a permit to hunt sage-grouse. A limited number of permits will be available on a first-come, first-served basis beginning August 6. Permit request forms are available in this proclamation on page 25 and on the DWR upland game web page at: <http://www.wildlife.utah.gov/upland.htm>

Successful applicants will have the opportunity to harvest two sage-grouse during the season. Permit request forms must be submitted in person or through the postal mail. A \$5 handling fee is required.

**2** You must obtain a permit to hunt sharp-tailed grouse. A limited number of permits will be available at DWR offices on a first-come, first-served basis beginning August 6. Permit request forms are available in this proclamation on page 25 and on the DWR upland game web page at: <http://www.wildlife.utah.gov/upland.htm>

Successful applicants will have the opportunity to harvest two sharp-tailed grouse during the season. Permit request forms must be submitted in person or through the postal mail. A \$5 handling fee is required.

**3** You must obtain a Migratory Game Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP) registration number to hunt migratory game birds (Mourning Dove, Band-tailed Pigeon and Sandhill Crane). A license must be purchased before obtaining a HIP registration number. Hunters will be required to carry proof of their HIP registration number while hunting these species.

**4** Sandhill Crane hunting opportunities are available in Box Elder, Cache, Rich, and Uintah counties. Public Shooting Grounds, Harold Crane, and Salt Creek waterfowl management areas and the Bear River National Wildlife Refuge in Box Elder County are closed to Sandhill Crane hunting. In Cache County, the Mendon area is closed to Sandhill Crane hunting. See the boundary description on page 16.

**5** Dogs are not allowed on some DWR wildlife and waterfowl management areas, except during open hunting seasons or unless posted open.

**6** PRIVATE LANDS: While taking wildlife or engaging in wildlife-related activities, a person may not, without the written permission of the owner or person in charge, enter upon privately-owned land that is cultivated or properly posted. "Cultivated land" means land which is readily identifiable as: 1) land whose soil is loosened or broken up for the raising of crops; 2) land used for the raising of crops; or 3) pasture which is artificially irrigated. The DWR cannot guarantee access to any private land. If you plan to hunt in an area that is made up of all or mostly private lands you must also obtain WRITTEN permission from the landowner or an authorized representative of the landowner.

**7** Five youth pheasant hunts will be conducted this year on state wildlife management areas. Willard Bay, Mallard Springs, Huntington, Pahvant and James Walter Fitzgerald wildlife management areas in Weber, Duchesne, Emery, Millard and Tooele counties respectively will be closed to all but youth hunters, 12- to 15-years old on the second Saturday of the pheasant season (Nov. 9). Areas will open to the general public the next day (Nov. 10). Youth hunt applications are available in this proclamation on page 23.

**8** Jackrabbits and coyotes are not protected in Utah. They may be hunted without a license, year-round.

**9** In Utah County, the Goshen Warm Springs Wildlife Management Area is closed as a result of the discovery of elevated levels of lead, arsenic, and other heavy metals in the soil and water.

**10** Sportsmen desiring to hunt on national wildlife refuges and tribal reservation and trust lands in Utah are advised to check with the respective refuge or tribe for special regulations or closures pertaining to upland game harvest.

**11** Hunter Education. If an applicant for a resident or nonresident hunting license has completed a hunter education course and is applying for a hunting permit or license through the Division's drawings, Internet site, or other electronic means authorized by the Division, the applicant's hunter education number and the name of the state, province, or country that issued the number may constitute proof of completion of a hunter education course. The Division may research the hunter education number to verify that the applicant has completed a division approved hunter education course.

**12** Wild turkey rules and hunt tables are published in November/December in an addendum to the Upland Game Proclamation. The application period for turkeys is in December.

**13** In 2001, more than 50 percent of all hunting accidents involved upland game hunters. Most of these incidents were the result of improper or careless handling of a firearm. All hunters are reminded to know your target and what is beyond. Also, never carry a loaded firearm in a vehicle, its dangerous and illegal.

## Equal Opportunity Employer

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources receives Federal financial assistance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Under Title VI of the Civil rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior and its bureaus prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex (in educational programs). If you believe that you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility, or if you desire further information please write to: The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office for Diversity and Civil Rights Programs-External Programs, 4040 North Fairfax Drive, Suite 130, Arlington, VA 22203.

## ATTENTION ALL MIGRATORY GAME BIRD HUNTERS

In the fall of 1998, Utah implemented a new, federally mandated program to improve knowledge about the harvest of migratory game birds, including Mourning Doves, Band-tailed Pigeons, swans, Sandhill Crane, geese, ducks, coots and snipe.

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (UDWR) cooperates with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) in implementing the Migratory Game Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP).

The purpose of this program is to improve management of the nation's migratory game bird populations by collecting better information on hunter participation and harvest.

Anyone hunting Mourning Doves, Band-tailed Pigeons, Sandhill Crane, swans, geese, ducks, coots or snipe will be required to register in the HIP program. There is no charge to register.

To do so, all migratory game bird hunters must call 1-877-UTAH-744 (1-877-882-4744) and provide their hunting license number and license code key, phone number, name, address, date of birth and the approximate number of migratory game birds they harvested the previous year. Hunters will then be given a HIP registration number they must write on their license in the space provided. Lifetime license holders will be provided a sticker to attach to the back of their license card for entry of the current season's HIP number. While afield, migratory game bird hunters will be required to prove that they have registered in the HIP program by presenting their hunting license with their HIP number written on it.

Some hunters will receive a follow-up diary in the mail to keep track of their effort and harvest during the year and be asked to return it after the season to

the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. This information will be used to estimate hunter activity and success. Improved harvest information will allow UDWR and the USFWS to make better management decisions.

The HIP registration number is much like a duck stamp, in that it is valid for the entire 2002-2003 waterfowl hunting season even though you need a new hunting license each January.

For example, if you are hunting ducks in January 2003 you will need a new 2003 hunting license, but your HIP number from the fall of 2002 is still valid. The Division advises waterfowl hunters to write their HIP number from the previous fall on their new license in the space provided. Hunters must register again in the fall of 2003 for the 2003-2004 season and write their new HIP registration number on their 2003 license in the second space provided.

## NOTICE!

During the 2000 Legislative Session, the Utah Legislature passed a law effective May 1, 2000, which prohibits certain persons from possessing firearms and dangerous weapons as defined in Utah Code Sec. 76-10-501. This includes rifles, shotguns, handguns, muzzleloaders, archery equipment, crossbows and spearguns. The restrictions imposed on possessing firearms and dangerous weapons are found in Utah Code Sec. 76-10-503 and apply to any person who:

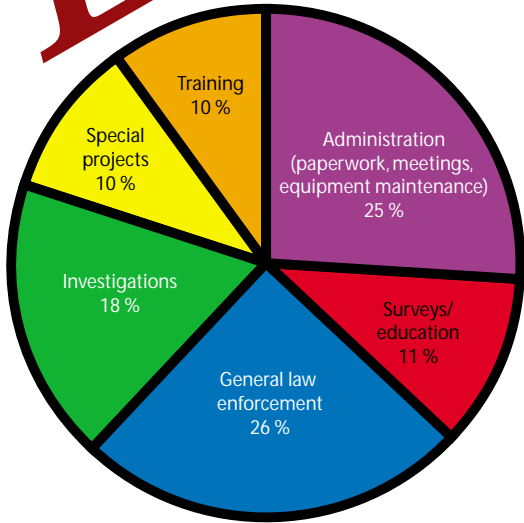
1. has been convicted of or is under indictment for any felony offense;
2. is on probation or parole for any felony offense;
3. is on parole from a secure facility;
4. within the last seven years has been adjudicated delinquent in a juvenile proceeding for an offense which if committed by an adult would have been a felony;
5. is an unlawful user of a controlled substance as defined in Utah Code Sec. 58-37-2;
6. is in possession of a dangerous weapon and is knowingly and intentionally in unlawful possession of a Schedule I controlled substance as defined in Utah Code Sec. 58-37-2;

7. has been found not guilty by reason of insanity for a felony offense;
8. has been found mentally incompetent to stand trial for a felony offense;
9. has been adjudicated as mentally defective as provided in the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, Pub. L. No. 103-159, 107 Stat. 1536 (1993), or has been committed to a mental institution;
10. is an alien who is illegally or unlawfully in the United States;
11. has been dishonorably discharged from the armed forces; or
12. has renounced his citizenship after having been a citizen of the United States.

THE PURCHASE OR POSSESSION OF ANY LICENSE, PERMIT, TAG, OR CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION ISSUED BY THE UTAH DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES DOES NOT AUTHORIZE THE HOLDER TO POSSESS OR USE A FIREARM OR DANGEROUS WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF UTAH CODE SEC. 76-10-503. HUNTING, FISHING, TRAPPING, OR TARGET SHOOTING ACTIVITIES ARE NO LONGER EXEMPT FROM APPLICATION OF THIS LAW.

## HELP STOP POACHING

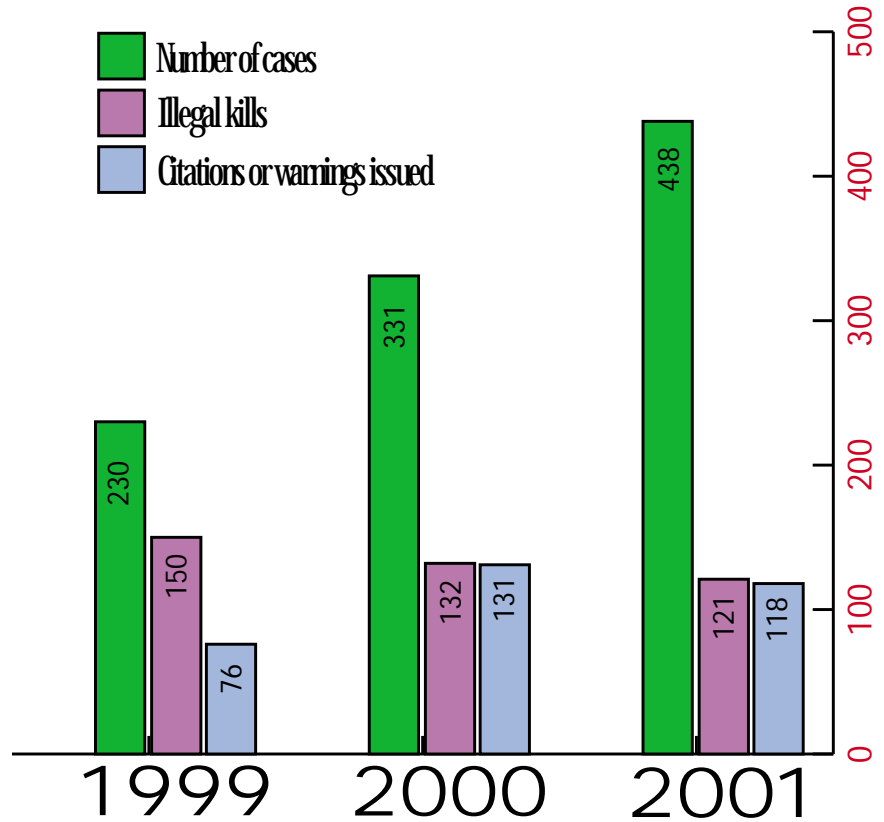
# Law Enforcement



### How Conservation Officers Spend Their Time (See above chart.)

UDWR Conservation Officers In 2001:

- worked 116,161 hours.
- contacted 124,939 individuals (of whom 63,798 were licensed sportsmen)
- drove 1.3 million miles
- conducted 1,700 investigations
- issued 4,699 warnings or citations
- spent 3,293 hours conducting surveys



The above chart demonstrates the increasing number of calls coming into the **Help Stop Poaching** hotline and Web site.

## Poaching is a crime

Simply defined "poaching" is any illegal taking of fish, game or nongame wildlife. It is not a crime committed against the Division of Wildlife Resources, but a crime affecting all citizens of the State of Utah. Poachers steal from consumptive and nonconsumptive users alike. Present and future generations of law abiding outdoorsmen are the victims. Poachers erode public support of hunting and fishing. They threaten the existence of our sport. In short, poaching is a serious crime, and poachers are nothing more than thieves.

### Take a stand

Defend wildlife and the right of future generations to enjoy it.

### Help Stop Poaching

If you'd like to visit the Web site and get some tips on what to look for and how to report wildlife violations,

log on:

[www.wildlife.utah.gov/hsp.htm](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov/hsp.htm)



**(800) 662-DEER**  
HelpStopPoaching@utah.gov

STATE OF UTAH  
DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES  
PROCLAMATION OF THE WILDLIFE BOARD

FOR TAKING

**UPLAND GAME**  
2002/2003

## I. Purpose And Authority

R657-6-1

(1) Under authority of Sections 23-14-18 and 23-14-19 of the Utah Code and in accordance with 50 CFR 20, 2000 edition, the Wildlife Board has established this proclamation for taking upland game.

(2) Specific season dates, bag and possession limits, areas open, number of permits and other administrative details that may change annually are published herein. More restrictive regulations may apply on national wildlife refuges.

(3) This proclamation expires May 31, 2003, unless modified or rescinded by the Wildlife Board or the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources.

## II. Definitions

23-13-2 & R657-6-2

(1) **"Bag limit"** means the maximum limit, in number or amount, of protected wildlife that one person may legally take during one day.

(2) **"Bait"** means shelled, shucked or unshucked corn, wheat or other grain, salt or other feed that lures, attracts or entices birds.

(3) **"Baited area"** means any area on which shelled, shucked or unshucked corn, wheat or other grain, salt or other feed has been placed, exposed, deposited, distributed or scattered, if that shelled, shucked, or unshucked corn, wheat or other grain, salt or other feed could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on or over areas where hunters are attempting to take migratory game birds. Any such area will remain a baited area for 10 days following the complete removal of all such shelled, shucked or unshucked corn, wheat or other grain, salt or other feed.

(4) **"Baiting"** means the direct or indirect placing, depositing, exposing, distributing or scattering of shelled, shucked or unshucked corn, wheat or other grain, salt or other feed that could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over any areas where hunters are attempting to take migratory game birds.

(5) **"CFR"** means the Code of Federal Regulations.

(6) **"Commercial hunting area"** means private land operated under Rule R657-22, where hatchery or artificially raised or propagated game birds are released for the purpose of hunting during a specified season and where a fee is charged.

(7) **"Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit"** means a generally contiguous area of land open for hunting small game, waterfowl or big game, which is registered in accordance with the rules and proclamations of the Wildlife Board.

(8)(a) **"Domicile"** means the place:

(i) where an individual has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment;

(ii) to which the individual if absent, intends to return; and

(iii) in which the individual and his family voluntarily reside, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home.

(b) To create a new domicile an individual must:

(i) abandon the old domicile; and

(ii) be able to prove that a new domicile has been established.

(9) **"Falconry"** means the sport of taking quarry by means of a trained raptor.

(10) **"HIP"** means Migratory Game Bird Harvest Information Program.

(11) **"Hunting"** means to take or pursue a reptile, amphibian, bird or mammal by any means.

(12) **"Nonresident"** means a person who does not qualify as a resident.

(13) **"Nontoxic shot"** means soft iron, steel, copper-plated steel, nickel-plated steel, zinc-plated steel, bismuth, tungsten and any other shot types approved by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Lead, nickel-plated lead, copper-plated lead, copper and lead/copper alloy shot have not been approved.

(14) **"Migratory game bird"** means, for purposes of this proclamation, Band-tailed Pigeon, Mourning Dove, and Sandhill Crane.

(15) **"Permit"** means a document, including a stamp, which grants authority to engage in specified activities under the Wildlife Resources Code or a rule or proclamation of the Wildlife Board.

(16) **"Possession"** means actual or constructive possession.

(17) **"Possession limit"** means the number of bag limits one individual may legally possess.

(18)(a) **"Resident"** means a person who:

(i) has been domiciled in the state of Utah for six consecutive months immediately preceding the purchase of a license; and

(ii) does not claim residency for hunting, fishing or trapping in any other state or country.

(b) A Utah resident retains his Utah residency if he leaves this state:

(i) to serve in the armed forces of the United States or for religious or educational purposes; and

(ii) complies with Subsection (a)(ii).

(c)(i) A member of the armed forces of the United States and dependents are residents for the purposes of this proclamation as of the date the member reports for duty under assigned orders in the state if the member:

(A) is not on temporary duty in this state; and

(B) complies with Subsection (a)(ii).

(ii) A copy of the assignment orders must be presented to a wildlife Division office to verify the member's qualification as a resident.

(d) A nonresident attending an institution of higher learning in this state as a full-time student may qualify as a resident for purposes of this proclamation if the student:

(i) has been present in this state for 60 consecutive days immediately preceding the purchase of the license; and

(ii) complies with Subsection (a)(ii).

(e) A Utah resident license is invalid if a resident license for hunting, fishing or trapping is purchased in any other state or country.

(f) An absentee landowner paying property tax on land in Utah does not qualify as a resident.

(19) **"Tag"** means a card, label or other identification device issued for attachment to the carcass of protected wildlife.

(20) **"Take"** means to:

(a) hunt, pursue, harass, catch, capture, possess, angle, seine, trap or kill any protected wildlife; or

(b) attempt any action referred to in Subsection (a).

(21) **"Upland game"** means pheasant, quail, Chukar Partridge, Hungarian Partridge, sage-grouse, Ruffed Grouse, Blue Grouse, Sharp-tailed grouse, cottontail rabbit, snowshoe hare, White-tailed Ptarmigan, wild turkey and the following migratory game birds: Band-tailed Pigeon, Mourning Dove, and Sandhill Crane.

(22) **"Waste"** means to abandon protected wildlife or to allow protected wildlife to spoil or to be used in a manner not normally associated with its beneficial use.

### III. License And Permit Requirements

#### A. License and Permit

23-19-1

(1)(a) A person must obtain an annual small game or combination license to hunt upland game.

(b) A person must obtain a Migratory Game Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP) registration number to hunt migratory game birds (Band-tailed Pigeon, Mourning Dove and Sandhill Crane).

(2) A person may not engage in hunting, trapping, fishing or seining protected wildlife, or in the sale, trade or barter of protected wildlife or their parts without first having procured the necessary licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits and tags as provided under the Wildlife Resources Code and having at the same time the licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits and tags on his or her person.

(3) A person may not lend, transfer, sell, give or assign licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits or tags belonging to the person or the rights granted by licenses, Certificates of Registration, permits or tags, or use or attempt to use a license, Certificate of Registration, permit or tag of another person.

#### B. Lifetime License Holders

R657-17

(1)(a) A permanent lifetime license card shall be issued to lifetime licensees in lieu of an annual small game and fishing license.

(b) The issuance of a permanent lifetime license card does not authorize a lifetime licensee to all hunting. The lifetime licensee is subject to the rules and requirements in all proclamations.

(2) Sales of lifetime hunting and fishing licenses were discontinued March 1, 1994.

### C. Possession of Permits and Licenses by Hunter — Restrictions

23-23-10

(1) A person may not hunt in a Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit without having in his or her possession:

(a) a valid Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit authorization or permit or other permit as authorized by the Wildlife Board; and

(b) the necessary hunting licenses, tags and stamps.

(2) A Cooperative Wildlife Management Unit authorization or permit:

(a) entitles the holder to hunt only in the unit specified on the authorization or permit pursuant to rules and proclamations of the Wildlife Board and does not entitle the holder to hunt on any other private or public land; and

(b) constitutes written permission for trespass as required under Section 23-20-14.

### D. Migratory Game Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP)

R657-6-3

(1) A person must obtain one Migratory Game Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP) registration number to hunt migratory game birds (Band-tailed Pigeon, Mourning Dove and Sandhill Crane) for the 2002 seasons.

(2)(a) A person may call 1-877-UTAH-744 (1-877-882-4744) or register online at [www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov) to obtain their HIP registration number. Use of a public pay phone will not allow access to 1-877-UTAH-744. A person may call 1-800-363-4683 for help in obtaining their HIP registration number.

(b) A person must write their HIP registration number in the space provided on their current year's hunting license.

(3) Any person obtaining a HIP registration number will be required to provide their:

(a) hunting license number;

(b) hunting license code key;

(c) name;

(d) address;

(e) phone number;

(f) birth date; and

(g) information about the previous year's migratory game bird hunts.

(4) Lifetime license holders will receive a sticker every three years from the Division to write their HIP number on and place on their lifetime license card.

(5) Any person hunting migratory game birds will be required, while in the field, to prove that they have registered and provided information for the HIP program.

### E. Permits for Band-tailed Pigeon, Sage-grouse, Sharp-tailed Grouse, and White-tailed Ptarmigan

R657-6-4

(1)(a) A person may not take or possess Band-tailed Pigeon, sage-grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, or White-tailed Ptarmigan without first obtaining a small game or combination license and a permit for the respective species.

(b) A person may obtain only one permit for each of these species, except a falconer with a valid Falconry Certificate of Registration may obtain one additional two-bird sage-grouse permit beginning

September 30, if any permits are remaining.

(2)(a) A limited number of two-bird sage-grouse permits are available.

(b) A sage-grouse permit may only be used in one of the open areas as specified in Section XXII., SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN AND BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS.

(c) Sage-grouse permits will be issued on a first-come, first-served basis beginning August 6.

(d) Sage-grouse permit request forms must be submitted with a \$5 handling fee.

(3)(a) A limited number of two-bird, sharp-tailed grouse permits are available.

(b) A sharp-tailed grouse permit may only be used in the open area as specified in Section XXII., SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN AND BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS.

(c) Sharp-tailed grouse permits will be issued on a first-come, first-served basis beginning August 6.

(b) Sharp-tailed grouse permit request forms must be submitted with a \$5 handling fee.

(4)(a) Band-tailed Pigeon and White-tailed Ptarmigan permits are available from Division offices, through the mail, and through the Division's Internet address: [www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov) by the first week in August, free of charge.

(5) Sage-grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, Band-tailed Pigeon and White-tailed Ptarmigan permit request forms are available on page 25 and 27 of this proclamation. Sage-grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, Band-tailed Pigeon and White-tailed Ptarmigan permit forms are also available from Division offices and through the Division's Internet address: [www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov).

## **G. Age Requirements, Restrictions and Proof of Hunter Education**

### **23-20-20, 23-19-11 & R657-23**

(1) A person must be 12 years of age or older to hunt upland game.

(2)(a) A person under the age of 14 years must be accompanied by their parent or legal guardian, or other responsible person 21 years of age or older and approved by their parent or guardian, while hunting with any weapon.

(b) A person of at least 14 years of age and under 16 years of age must be accompanied by a person 21 years of age or older while hunting with any weapon.

(3) As used in this section, "accompanied" means at a distance within which visual and verbal communication are maintained for the purposes of advising and assisting.

(4) The Division may not issue a hunting license to any person born after December 31, 1965, unless proof is presented to the Division or one of its authorized wildlife license agents that the person has passed a Division approved hunter education course offered by a state, province or country.

(5) For purposes of this section, "proof" means:

(a) a certificate of completion (in Utah referred to as a "blue card") of a hunter education course; or

(b) a current or immediately preceding year's hunting license issued by a state, province or country with the applicant's hunter education number noted on the hunting license.

(6) Any person, who has completed an approved hunter education course in another state, province or country and becomes a Utah resident, must obtain a Division-issued blue card prior to purchasing a resident license or permit. Proof of completion of an authorized hunter education course by another state, province or country must be pre-

sented or verified in order to obtain a Utah blue card. A Utah blue card may be obtained at any Division office at no charge.

(7)(a) If an applicant for a resident or nonresident hunting license has completed a hunter education course and is applying for a hunting permit or license through the Division's drawings, Internet site, or other electronic means authorized by the Division, the applicant's hunter education number and the name of the state, province, or country that issued the number may constitute proof of completion of a hunter education course under this section.

(b) The Division may research the hunter education number to verify that the applicant has completed a Division approved hunter education course.

## **IV. Fees**

### **A. Resident Fees**

Combination license (12 years of age or older)	\$32
Small game license (12-13 years of age)	\$11
Small game license (14 years of age or older)	\$17

### **B. Nonresident Fees**

Small game license (12 years of age or older)	\$45
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### **C. Permit Fees**

Sage-grouse permit handling fee	\$5
Sandhill Crane permit handling fee	\$5
Sharp-tailed grouse permit handling fee	\$5

## **V. Purchase Of License Or Permit By Mail**

### **R657-6-8**

(1) A person may obtain a license by mail by sending the following information to any Division office: Full name, complete mailing address, phone number, date of birth, weight, height, sex, color of hair and eyes, Social Security number, driver license number (if available), proof of hunter education certification and fees.

(2) A person may obtain a ptarmigan, Band-tailed Pigeon, sage-grouse or sharp-tailed grouse permit by mail by sending the following information to any Division office: Full name, complete mailing address, phone number, hunting license number.

(3)(a) Personal checks, cashier's checks or money orders are accepted.

(b) Personal checks drawn on an out-of-state account are not accepted.

(4) Checks must be made payable to: Utah Division of Wildlife Resources.

## **VI. Duplicate License**

### **23-19-10**

Whenever any unexpired license, permit, tag or Certificate of Registration is destroyed, lost or stolen, a person may obtain a duplicate from a Division office for \$5 or half of the price of the original license, permit, tag or Certificate of Registration, whichever is less.

## VII. Sales Of Licenses, Certificates Or Permits Final — Exceptions And Reallocation Of Surrendered Permits

23-19-38 & R657-42

### A. Sales Final

(1) Sales of all licenses, certificates or permits are final, and no refunds may be made by the Division except as provided in Subsection (2).

(2) The Division may refund the amount of the license, certificate or permit if:

- (a) the Division or Wildlife Board discontinues the activity for which the license, certificate or permit was obtained;
- (b) the Division determines that it has erroneously collected a fee;
- (c)(i) a person is not able to participate in a permitted activity due to illness or injury;
- (ii) the person furnishes verification of illness or injury from a physician; and
- (iii) the permit is surrendered before the season for which the permit was issued begins; or
- (d) the person to whom the license, certificate or permit is issued dies prior to that person being able to participate in the activity for which the license, certificate or permit was obtained.

### B. Surrender of Licenses, Certificates of Registration and Permits

(1) Any person who has obtained a license, Certificate of Registration or permit and decides not to use it, may surrender the license, Certificate of Registration or permit to any Division office.

(2) Any person who has obtained a license, Certificate of Registration or permit may surrender the license, Certificate of Registration or permit prior to the season opening date of the license, Certificate of Registration or permit for the purpose of:

- (a) waiving the waiting period normally assessed and reinstating the number of bonus points, if applicable; or
- (b) purchasing a reallocated permit or any other permit available for which the person is eligible.

(3) The Division may not issue a refund, except as provided in Section VII.A. Sales Final.

### C. Reallocation of Permits

(1) The Division may reallocate surrendered limited entry permits.

(2) Permits shall be reallocated through the Salt Lake Division office.

(3)(a) Any limited entry permit surrendered to the Division shall be reallocated through the drawing process by contacting the next person listed on the alternate drawing list or as provided in Subsection (b).

(b) A person who is denied a permit due to an error in issuing permits may be placed on the alternate drawing list to address the error, if applicable, in accordance with the Division Error Remedy Rule R657-50.

(c) The alternate drawing lists are classified as private and therefore, protected under the Government Records Access Management Act.

(d) The Division shall make a reasonable effort to contact the next person on the alternate list by telephone or mail.

(e) If the next person, who would have drawn the limited entry

permit, does not accept the permit or the Division is unable to contact that person, the reallocation process will continue until the Division has reallocated the permit or the season closes for that permit.

(4) If the next person, who would have drawn the limited entry permit has obtained a permit, that person may be required to surrender the previously obtained permit in accordance with Section VII.B.(2). Surrender of Licenses, Certificates of Registration and Permits, and any other applicable rules and proclamations of the Wildlife Board.

### D. Reallocated Permit Cost

(1) Any person who accepts the offered reallocated permit must pay the applicable permit fee.

(2) The Division may not issue a refund, except as provided in Section VII.A. Sales Final.

## VIII. Exhibit Of License, Permit, Tag And Wildlife

23-20-25

(1) Any person while engaged in any activity regulated under the Wildlife Resources Code, shall be required upon demand of any conservation officer or any other peace officer to exhibit:

- (a) the required license, permit or tag;
- (b) any device or apparatus in that person's possession used for any activity regulated under the Wildlife Resources Code; or
- (c) any wildlife in that person's possession.

(2) Any conservation officer who has a reasonable belief that a person is engaged in any activity regulated under the Wildlife Resources Code may stop and temporarily detain that person in order to demand and inspect:

- (a) the required license, permit or tag;
- (b) any device or apparatus in that person's possession used for any activity regulated under the Wildlife Resources Code; or
- (c) any wildlife in that person's possession.

## IX. Firearms And Archery Tackle

### A. Firearms and Archery Tackle

R657-6-9, 50 CFR 20.21 & R657-5-9

(1) A person may not use any weapon or device to take upland game except as provided in this section.

(2)(a) Upland game may be taken with archery equipment, a shotgun no larger than 10 gauge or a handgun. Loads for shotguns and handguns must be one-half ounce or more of shot size between no. 2 and no. 8, except:

- (i) migratory game birds may not be taken with a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler, incapable of removal without disassembling the gun, so its total capacity does not exceed three shells;
- (ii) wild turkey may be taken only with a bow and broadhead tipped arrows or a shotgun no larger than 10 gauge and no smaller than 20 gauge, firing shot sizes between BB and no. 6;
- (iii) cottontail rabbit and snowshoe hare may be taken with any firearm not capable of being fired fully automatic;
- (iv) a person hunting upland game on a temporary game preserve as defined in Subsection (3) may not use or possess any broadheads unless that person possesses a valid big game archery permit for the area being hunted;

(v) only shotguns, firing shot sizes no. 4 or smaller, may be used on temporary game preserves as defined in Subsection (3); and

(vi) Sandhill Crane may be taken with any size of nontoxic shot.

(b) Crossbows are not legal archery equipment for taking upland game.

(3) As used in this section, "temporary game preserve" means all bull elk, buck pronghorn, moose, bison, bighorn sheep, Rocky Mountain Goat, and limited entry buck deer areas, and Cooperative Wildlife Management units, excluding incorporated areas, cities, towns and municipalities.

(4) A person may not use:

(a) a firearm capable of being fired fully automatic; or

(b) any light enhancement device or aiming device that casts a beam of light.

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## **B. Nontoxic Shot**

**R657-6-10**

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(1) Only nontoxic shot (see definitions) may be used to take Sandhill Crane.

(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), nontoxic shot is not required to take any species of upland game, except Sandhill Crane.

(3) A person may not possess or use lead shot or any other shot that has not been approved by the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service for taking migratory game birds while hunting Sandhill Crane or while on federal refuges or the following state wildlife management areas: Bicknell Bottoms, Blue Lake, Brown's Park, Clear Lake, Desert Lake, Farmington Bay, Harold S. Crane, Howard Slough, Locomotive Springs, Manti Meadows, Mills Meadows, Ogden Bay, Powell Slough, Public Shooting Grounds, Salt Creek, Scott M. Matheson Wetland Preserve, Stewart Lake and Timpie Springs.

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## **C. Use of Firearms and Archery Tackle on State Wildlife Management Areas**

**R657-6-11**

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(1) A person may not possess a firearm or archery tackle, except during the specified hunting seasons or as authorized by the Division, on the following wildlife management areas: Bear River Bottoms, Bud Phelps, Castle Dale, Huntington, Cedar, Goshen Warm Springs, James Walter Fitzgerald, Logan, Mallard Springs, Manti Meadows, Milford, Montes Creek, Nephi, Pahvant, Redmond Marsh, Richfield, Roosevelt, Scott M. Matheson Wetland Preserve, Vernal and Willard Bay.

(2) The firearm restrictions set forth in this section do not apply to a person licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code, provided the person is not utilizing the concealed firearm to hunt or take wildlife.

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## **D. Use of Firearms and Archery Tackle on State Waterfowl Management Areas**

**R657-6-12**

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(1) A person may not possess a firearm or archery tackle, except during the specified waterfowl hunting seasons or as authorized by the Division, on the following waterfowl management areas: Bicknell Bottoms, Brown's Park, Clear Lake, Desert Lake, Farmington Bay, Harold S. Crane, Howard Slough, Locomotive Springs, Mills Meadows, Ogden Bay, Powell Slough, Public Shooting Grounds, Salt Creek, Stewart Lake and Timpie Springs.

(2) During the waterfowl hunting seasons, a shotgun is the only firearm that may be held in possession.

(3) The firearm restrictions set forth in this section do not apply to a person licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code, provided the person is not utilizing the concealed firearm to hunt or take wildlife.

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## **E. Loaded Firearms in a Vehicle**

**76-10-502 & 76-10-505**

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(1) A person may not carry a loaded firearm in or on a vehicle.

(2) A pistol, revolver, rifle or shotgun is deemed to be loaded when there is an unexpended cartridge, shell or projectile in the firing position.

(3) Pistols and revolvers are also deemed to be loaded when an unexpended cartridge, shell or projectile is in a position whereby the manual operation of any mechanism once would cause the unexpended cartridge, shell or projectile to be fired.

(4) A muzzleloading firearm is deemed to be loaded when it is capped or primed and has a powder charge and ball or shot in the barrel or cylinders.

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## **F. Discharge of a Firearm from Vehicle, Near Highway, or in Direction of any Person, Building or Vehicle**

**76-10-508 & R657-12**

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(1) A person may not discharge any kind of dangerous weapon or firearm:

(a) from an automobile or other vehicle, except as provided in Subsection (2);

(b) from, upon or across any highway;

(c) at any road signs placed upon highways of the state;

(d) at any communications equipment or property of public utilities including facilities, lines, poles or devices of transmission or distribution;

(e) at railroad equipment or facilities including any sign or signal;

(f) within Utah State Park buildings, designated camp or picnic sites, overlooks, golf courses, boat ramps and developed beaches; or

(g) without written permission to discharge the dangerous weapon from the owner or person in charge of the property within 600 feet of:

(i) a house, dwelling or any other building;

(ii) any structure in which a domestic animal is kept or fed, including a barn, poultry yard, corral, feeding pen or stockyard.

(2) An individual validly licensed to hunt who is a paraplegic, or otherwise permanently disabled so as to be permanently confined to a wheelchair or the use of crutches, and possesses a valid Certificate of Registration may be authorized to hunt from a vehicle.

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## **G. State Parks**

**R657-6-14 & R651-614-4**

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(1) Hunting of any wildlife is prohibited within the boundaries of all state park areas, except those designated open to hunting by the Division of Parks and Recreation in Rule R651-614-4.

(2) Hunting with rifles and handguns in park areas designated open is prohibited within one mile of all park facilities including buildings, camp or picnic sites, overlooks, golf courses, boat ramps and developed beaches.

(3) Hunting with shotguns or archery tackle is prohibited within one quarter mile of the above stated areas.

## H. Carrying a Dangerous Weapon While Under Influence of Alcohol or Drugs

### 76-10-528

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(1) Any person who carries a dangerous weapon while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance as defined in Section 58-37-2 is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Under the influence means the same level blood or breath alcohol concentration as provided in Section 41-6-44.

(2) It is not a defense to prosecution under this section that the person:

- (a) is licensed in the pursuit of wildlife of any kind; or
- (b) has a valid permit to carry a concealed firearm.

## X. Hunting Methods

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### A. Falconry

#### R657-6-15

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(1)(a) Falconers must obtain an annual small game or combination license and a falconry certificate of registration or license to hunt upland game. Falconers must also obtain:

- (b) a Band-tailed Pigeon permit before taking Band-tailed Pigeon;
- (c) a sage-grouse permit before taking sage-grouse;
- (d) a Sandhill Crane permit before taking Sandhill Crane;
- (e) a sharp-tailed grouse permit before taking sharp-tailed grouse; and
- (f) a White-tailed Ptarmigan permit before taking White-tailed Ptarmigan.

(2) Areas open and bag and possession limits for falconry are the same as those listed in Section XXII. SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN AND BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS, except:

- (a) falconers may not release a raptor on wild turkey; and
- (b) falconers may take pheasants of either sex.

(3) Season dates are as follows:

(a) Upland game, except Band-tailed Pigeon and Mourning Dove, may be taken by falconry from September 2 through February 28 except:

- (i) in Salt Lake County the season is September 2 through March 31; and
- (ii) in Box Elder County the season is August 14 through February 15; and

(b) Band-tailed Pigeon and Mourning Dove may be taken by falconry from September 2 through December 16. Daily bag and possession limits for Band-tailed Pigeon and Mourning Dove are 3 and 6 birds, respectively, singly or in the aggregate.

(See Falconry Proclamation for additional information.)

### B. Baiting

#### R657-6-17

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(1) A person may not hunt upland game by the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited. However, nothing in this paragraph prohibits:

- (a) the taking of any migratory game bird, including waterfowl, coots and cranes, on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas:
  - (i) standing crops or flooded standing crops (including aquatics); standing, flooded or manipulated natural vegetation;

flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation or normal soil stabilization practice;

(ii) from a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation;

(iii) from a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing or scattering of grain or other feed; or

(iv) standing or flooded standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely as a result of a hunter entering or exiting a hunting area, placing decoys or retrieving downed birds.

(b) The taking of any migratory game bird, except waterfowl, coots and cranes, on or over lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas, and where grain or other feed has been distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, or solely as the result of a normal agricultural operation.

### C. Spotlighting

#### R657-6-34

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(1) Except as provided in Section 23-13-17:

(a) a person may not use or cast the rays of any spotlight, headlight or other artificial light to locate protected wildlife while having in possession a firearm or other weapon or device that could be used to take or injure protected wildlife; and

(b) the use of a spotlight or other artificial light in a field, woodland or forest where protected wildlife are generally found is prima facie evidence of attempting to locate protected wildlife.

(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to:

(a) the use of the headlights of a motor vehicle or other artificial light in a usual manner where there is no attempt or intent to locate protected wildlife; or

(b) a person licensed to carry a concealed weapon in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7 of the Utah Code, provided the person is not utilizing the concealed firearm to hunt or take wildlife.

## XI. Use Of Motorized Vehicles

### R657-6-19

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Motorized vehicle travel on all state wildlife management areas is restricted to county roads and improved roads that are posted open.

## XII. Possession And Transportation

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### A. Possession of Live Protected Wildlife

#### 23-13-4, R657-6-20, & 50 CFR 20.38

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It is unlawful for any person to hold in captivity at any time any protected wildlife, except as provided by Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code or any rules and regulations of the Wildlife Board. Protected wildlife that is wounded must be immediately killed and shall be included in the hunter's bag limit.

## **B. Tagging Requirements**

23-20-30 & R657-6-21

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(1) The carcass of a sage-grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, Sandhill Crane or wild turkey must be tagged before the carcass is moved from or the hunter leaves the site of kill.

(2) To tag a carcass, a person shall:

- (a) completely detach the tag from the license or permit;
- (b) completely remove the appropriate notches to correspond

with:

- (i) the date the animal was taken;
- (ii) the sex of the animal; and

(c) attach the tag to the carcass so that the tag remains securely fastened and visible.

(3) A person may not:

- (a) remove more than one notch indicating date or sex; or
- (b) tag more than one carcass using the same tag.

(4) A person may not hunt or pursue sage-grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, Sandhill Crane, or wild turkey after any of the notches have been removed from the tag or the tag has been detached from the permit.

## **C. Identification of Species and Sex**

R657-6-22

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(1) One fully feathered wing must remain attached to each upland game bird and migratory game bird taken, except wild turkey, while it is being transported to allow species identification.

(2) The head must remain attached to the carcass of wild turkey while being transported to permit species and sex identification.

## **D. Exporting Upland Game from Utah**

R657-6-31

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A person may export upland game or their parts from Utah only if:

- (1) the person who harvested the upland game accompanies it and possess a valid license or permit corresponding to the tag, if applicable; or
- (2) the person exporting the upland game or its parts, if it is not the person who harvested the upland game, has obtained a shipping permit from the Division.

## **E. Donating**

23-20-9

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(1) A person may donate protected wildlife or their parts to another person only at the following places:

- (a) the residence of the donor;
- (b) the residence of the person receiving protected wildlife or their parts;
- (c) a meat locker;
- (d) a storage plant; or
- (e) a meat processing facility.

(2) A written statement of donation must be kept with the protected wildlife or parts showing:

- (a) the number and species of wildlife or parts donated;
- (b) the date of donation;
- (c) the license or permit number of the donor; and
- (d) the signature of the donor.

## **E. Waste of Upland Game**

23-20-8 & R657-6-23

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(1) A person may not waste or permit to be wasted or spoiled any protected wildlife or their parts.

(2) A person shall not kill or cripple any upland game without making a reasonable effort to retrieve the animal.

## **F. Utah Pheasant Project**

R657-6-24

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(1) Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts or youth enrolled in 4-H or FFA may collect and rear pheasants from eggs in nests destroyed by normal hay mowing operations. The 4-H club leader, FFA adviser or Scout Master shall first apply for and obtain a Certificate of Registration for this activity.

(2) Landowners or operators of mowing equipment may collect the eggs and possess them for no more than 24 hours for pick up by a person with a Certificate of Registration.

(3) Pheasants must be released by 16 weeks of age.

(4) These pheasants remain the property of the state of Utah.

(5) For further information, please contact Terry Messmer, Fish and Wildlife Extension Specialist, Utah State University at (435) 797-3975.

## **XIII. Aiding And Assisting**

23-20-23

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It is unlawful for any person to aid or assist any other person to violate any provisions of the Wildlife Resources Code or any rules or regulations promulgated under it. The penalty for violating this section is the same as for the provision or regulation for which aid or assistance is given.

## **XIV. Use Of Dogs**

R657-6-25

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(1) Dogs may be used to locate and retrieve upland game during open hunting seasons.

(2) Dogs are not allowed on state wildlife management or waterfowl management areas except during open hunting seasons or as posted by the Division.

(3) State wildlife management and waterfowl management areas are listed under Section IX.C. and IX.D., respectively.

## **XV. Trespass**

23-20-14 & 23-20-3.5

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(1) While taking wildlife or engaging in wildlife related activities, a person may not:

- (a) without the permission of the owner or person in charge, enter upon privately owned land that is cultivated or properly posted;
- (b) refuse to immediately leave the private land if requested to do so by the owner or person in charge; or
- (c) obstruct any entrance or exit to private property.

(2) "Cultivated Land" means land which is readily identifiable as:

- (a) land whose soil is loosened or broken up for the raising of crops;
- (b) land used for the raising of crops; or
- (c) pasturage which is artificially irrigated.

(3) "Permission" means written authorization from the owner or person in charge to enter upon private land that is properly posted, and must include:

- (a) the signature of the owner or person in charge;
- (b) the name of the person being given permission;
- (c) the appropriate dates; and
- (d) a general description of the property.

(4) "Properly posted" means that "No Trespassing" signs or a minimum of 100 square inches of bright yellow, bright orange or fluorescent paint are displayed at all corners, fishing streams crossing property lines, roads, gates and rights-of-way entering the land. If metal fence posts are used, the entire exterior side must be painted.

(5) A person may not post:

- (a) private property he does not own or legally control; or
- (b) land that is open to the public as provided by Section 23-21-4.

(6) A person convicted of violating any provision of Subsection (1) may have his license, tag, Certificate of Registration or permit relating to the activity engaged in at the time of the violation, revoked by a hearing officer.

(7) A person may not take or permit his dog to take, while in violation of Subsection (1):

- (a) protected wildlife or their parts;
- (b) an occupied nest of protected wildlife; or
- (c) an egg of protected wildlife.

(8) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if he or she violates any provision of Subsection (1).

## XVI. Checking Stations And Roadblocks

The Division monitors the taking and possession of wildlife, the required licenses, permits, tags and Certificates of Registration, and devices used for hunting.

Hunters should expect to encounter conservation officers checking hunters in the field, at checking stations and check points.

These contacts allow the Division to collect valuable information concerning wildlife populations and trends, as well as helping to fulfill the Division's responsibility as trustee and custodian of wildlife.

## XVII. Closed Areas

R657-6-26

A person may not hunt upland game in any area posted closed by the Division or any of the following areas:

- (1) Salt Lake International Airport
- (2) Incorporated Municipalities

Most of the incorporated areas of Alta, Garland City, Layton, Logan, Pleasant View City, West Jordan and West Valley City are closed to the discharge of firearms. Check with the respective city officials for specific boundaries. Other municipalities may have firearm restrictions.

(3) Wildlife Management Areas

(a) Waterfowl management areas are open for hunting upland game only during designated waterfowl hunting seasons, including: Bear River National Wildlife Refuge, Bicknell Bottoms, Blue Lake, Brown's Park, Clear Lake, Desert Lake, Farmington Bay, Harold S. Crane, Howard Slough, Locomotive Springs, Mills Meadows, Ogden Bay, Ouray National Wildlife Refuge, Powell Slough, Public Shooting Grounds, Salt Creek, Stewart Lake and Timpie Springs.

(b) Fish Springs National Wildlife Refuge is closed to upland game hunting.

(c) Goshen Warm Springs is closed to upland game hunting.

(4) Military Installations: Military installations, including Camp Williams, are closed to hunting and trespassing unless otherwise authorized.

## XVIII. Summary Of Federal Regulations

R657-6-27 THROUGH R657-6-33

In addition to this proclamation, these federal rules apply to the taking, possession, transportation and storage of Mourning Dove, Band-tailed Pigeon and Sandhill Crane:

(1) **Restriction.** No person shall take migratory game birds:

- (a) by the use or aid of live decoys;
- (b) using records or tapes of migratory bird calls, or sounds, or electronically amplified imitations of bird calls;
- (c) by the aid of baiting (placing feed such as corn, wheat, salt or other feed to constitute a lure or enticement). Hunters should be aware that a baited area is considered to be baited for 10 days after the removal of bait. A hunter must know or reasonably should know that an area is or has been baited to be in violation.

(2) **Field Possession.** No person shall possess more than one daily bag limit while in the field, or while returning from the field to one's car, hunting camp, etc.

(3) **Shipment.** No person shall ship migratory game birds unless the package is marked on the outside with:

- (a) the name and address of the person sending the birds;
- (b) the name and address of the person to whom the birds are being sent; and
- (c) the number of birds, by species, contained in the package.

(4) **Tagging.** No person shall give, put or leave any migratory game birds at any place or in the custody of another person unless the birds are tagged by the hunter with the following information:

- (a) the hunter's signature;
- (b) the hunter's address;
- (c) the total number of birds involved, by species; and
- (d) the dates such birds were killed.

Tagging is required if the birds are being transported by another person or the hunter, or if the birds have been left for cleaning, storage (including temporary storage), shipment or taxidermy services.

(5) **Importation.** For information regarding the importation of migratory game birds killed in another country hunters should consult 50 CFR 20.61 through 20.66. One fully feathered wing must remain attached to all migratory game birds being transported between the port of entry and one's home or to a migratory bird preservation facility. No person shall import migratory game birds killed in any foreign country, except Canada, unless such birds are dressed (except as required in 20.63), drawn and the head and feet are removed. No person shall import migratory game birds belonging to another person.

## XIX. Sandhill Crane Rules

### A. Application Procedure for Sandhill Crane

R657-6-5 & R657-42

(1) Applications for Sandhill Crane will be available by July 2, 2002 from license agents and Division offices. Residents and nonresidents may apply.

(2) A person may obtain only one Sandhill Crane permit each year.

(3) Group applications are not accepted. A person may not apply more than once annually.

(4) A 2002 small game or combination license may be obtained before applying, or will be issued upon successfully drawing a permit. Fees must be submitted with the application.

(5)(a) Applications must be submitted in one of the following ways:

- (i) through the mail to: Utah Wildlife Administrative Services Office, P.O. Box 30389, Salt Lake City, Utah 84130-0389; or
- (ii) through an overnight mail service to: Utah Wildlife Administrative Services Office, 185 N. Maine Street, Fallon, Nevada 89406; or
- (iii) through the Division's Internet address: [www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov).

(b) Applications must be received at the Utah Administrative Services Office's P.O. Box, through an overnight mail service at the Utah Administrative Services's Office street address, or through the Division's Internet address no later than 5 p.m., July 15, 2002. Allow the Post Office time to process the mail. This is not a drop box. The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources cannot guarantee delivery. Check with your local postmaster for service. Overnight mail cannot be delivered to a Post Office box.

(c) If an error is found on an application, those applications received through the mail or through an overnight mail service by 5 p.m. July 15, 2002, may receive an application correction letter. Corrections by the applicant can only be made using the personalized and numbered application correction letter mailed to the applicant. Corrections must be mailed to the address identified in the application correction letter and received no later than the date indicated in the letter.

(d) The opportunity to correct an error is not guaranteed. The Division reserves the right to correct applications without sending a correction letter.

(6)(a) Late applications received by July 26, 2002 will not be considered in the drawing, but will be processed for the purpose of entering data into the Division's draw database to provide:

- (i) future pre-printed applications;
- (ii) notification by mail of late application and other draw opportunities; and
- (iii) re-evaluation of Division or third-party errors.

(b) The \$5 handling fee will be used to process the late application. Any license fees submitted with the application will be refunded.

(c) Late applications received after July 26, 2002 will not be processed and will be returned.

(7) Each application must include:

- (a) the \$5 nonrefundable handling fee; and
- (b) the small game or combination license fee, if it has not yet been purchased.

(8)(a) Personal checks, money orders, cashier's checks and American Express, Discover, MasterCard and VISA credit cards are accepted.

(b) Personal checks drawn on an out-of-state account are not accepted.

(9)(a) Credit cards must be valid at least 30 days after the drawing results are posted.

(b) Handling fees and donations are charged to the credit card when the application is processed.

(10) An application is voidable if the check is returned unpaid from the bank or the credit card is invalid or refused.

(11) The drawing results will be posted by August 7, 2002.

(12) Any permits remaining after the drawing are available only by mail-in application to Division of Wildlife Resources, P.O. Box 168888,

Salt Lake City, Utah 84116-8888 on a first-come, first-served basis beginning August 14, 2002.

(13) Licenses and permits are mailed to successful applicants.

(14) To apply for a resident license or permit, a person must establish residency at the time of purchase.

(15) The posting date of the drawing shall be considered the purchase date of a permit.

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## **B. Application Withdrawal for Sandhill Crane**

### **R657-6-5**

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(1) An applicant may withdraw their application for the Sandhill Crane Drawing by requesting such in writing by July 22, 2002.

(2) The applicant must send their notarized signature with a statement requesting that their application be withdrawn to the Salt Lake Division office.

(3) An applicant may reapply in the Sandhill Crane Drawing provided:

- (a) the original application is withdrawn;
  - (b) the new application is submitted with the request to withdraw the original application;
  - (c) both the new application and request to withdraw the original application are received by the initial application deadline; and
  - (d) both the new application and request to withdraw the original application are submitted to the Salt Lake Division office.
- (4) Handling fees will not be refunded.

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## **C. Application Amendments**

### **R657-6-5**

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(1) An applicant may amend their application for the Sandhill Crane Drawing by requesting such in writing by the initial application deadline.

(2) The applicant must send their notarized signature with a statement requesting that their application be amended to the Salt Lake Division office.

(3) The applicant must identify in their statement the requested amendment to their application.

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## **XX. Wild Turkey**

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Wild Turkey Limited Entry Season (permit required).

Limited entry wild turkey areas are divided into two categories, Merriam's and Rio Grande. Turkey populations in these areas are dominated by the subspecies indicated. However, mixed flocks may be present in a described area. Either subspecies of wild turkey may be harvested in a limited entry area. Some of these areas consist primarily of private land; hunters should obtain permission to hunt prior to applying for these areas. The Division cannot guarantee access. Wild turkey season dates, season limits, areas open and permit numbers will be available in December 2002 in the Wild Turkey Addendum.

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## **XXI. Shooting Hours**

### **R657-6-13**

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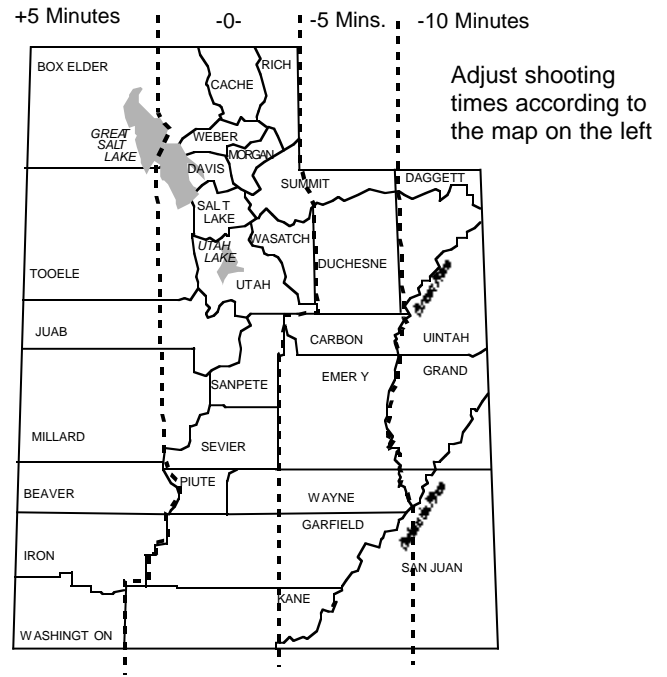
(1)(a) Band-tailed Pigeon, Mourning Dove and Sandhill Crane may be taken only between one-half hour before official sunrise through official sunset. Consult the time zone map for differences in shooting hours (See page 15).

(b) Sage-grouse, Ruffed Grouse, Blue Grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, White-tailed Ptarmigan, Chukar Partridge, Hungarian Partridge, pheasant, quail, wild turkey, cottontail rabbit and snowshoe hare may

be taken only between one-half hour before official sunrise through one-half hour after official sunset. Consult the time zone map for differences in shooting hours.

(2) Pheasant and quail may not be taken prior to 8 a.m. on the opening day of pheasant and quail seasons.

(3) A person may not discharge a firearm on state owned lands adjacent to the Great Salt Lake, state waterfowl management areas or on federal refuges between official sunset through one-half hour before official sunrise.



## Official Sunrise/Sunset (SEE SHOOTING HOURS, PAGE 14)

SEPTEMBER 2002			OCTOBER 2002		NOVEMBER 2002		DECEMBER 2002		JANUARY 2003		FEBRUARY 2003	
Sunrise A.M.		Sunset P.M.	Sunrise A.M.	Sunset P.M.	Sunrise A.M.	Sunset P.M.	Sunrise A.M.	Sunset P.M.	Sunrise A.M.	Sunset P.M.	Sunrise A.M.	Sunset P.M.
1	6:54	8:01	7:24	7:10	6:58	5:24	7:32	5:01	7:52	5:11	7:38	5:45
2	6:55	7:59	7:25	7:09	6:59	5:23	7:34	5:01	7:52	5:12	7:37	5:46
3	6:56	7:57	7:26	7:07	7:00	5:22	7:35	5:01	7:52	5:13	7:36	5:48
4	6:57	7:56	7:27	7:05	7:02	5:21	7:36	5:00	7:52	5:14	7:35	5:49
5	6:58	7:54	7:28	7:04	7:03	5:20	7:36	5:00	7:52	5:15	7:34	5:50
6	6:59	7:52	7:29	7:02	7:04	5:19	7:37	5:00	7:52	5:15	7:33	5:51
7	7:00	7:51	7:30	7:01	7:05	5:18	7:38	5:00	7:52	5:16	7:32	5:53
8	7:01	7:49	7:31	6:59	7:06	5:17	7:39	5:00	7:52	5:17	7:31	5:54
9	7:02	7:47	7:32	6:57	7:07	5:16	7:40	5:00	7:52	5:18	7:30	5:55
10	7:03	7:46	7:33	6:56	7:09	5:15	7:41	5:00	7:52	5:19	7:29	5:56
11	7:04	7:44	7:34	6:54	7:10	5:14	7:42	5:00	7:52	5:21	7:27	5:58
12	7:05	7:42	7:36	6:53	7:11	5:13	7:43	5:00	7:51	5:22	7:26	5:59
13	7:06	7:41	7:37	6:51	7:12	5:12	7:43	5:01	7:51	5:23	7:25	6:00
14	7:07	7:39	7:38	6:49	7:13	5:11	7:44	5:01	7:51	5:24	7:24	6:01
15	7:08	7:37	7:39	6:48	7:15	5:10	7:45	5:01	7:50	5:25	7:22	6:02
16	7:09	7:36	7:40	6:46	7:16	5:09	7:46	5:01	7:50	5:26	7:21	6:04
17	7:10	7:34	7:41	6:45	7:17	5:08	7:46	5:02	7:49	5:27	7:20	6:05
18	7:11	7:32	7:42	6:43	7:18	5:08	7:47	5:02	7:49	5:28	7:18	6:06
19	7:12	7:31	7:43	6:42	7:19	5:07	7:47	5:03	7:48	5:29	7:17	6:07
20	7:13	7:29	7:44	6:41	7:20	5:06	7:48	5:03	7:48	5:31	7:16	6:08
21	7:14	7:27	7:45	6:39	7:22	5:06	7:49	5:03	7:47	5:32	7:14	6:10
22	7:15	7:25	7:47	6:38	7:23	5:05	7:49	5:04	7:46	5:33	7:13	6:11
23	7:16	7:24	7:48	6:36	7:24	5:04	7:50	5:04	7:46	5:34	7:11	6:12
24	7:17	7:22	7:49	6:35	7:25	5:04	7:50	5:05	7:45	5:35	7:10	6:13
25	7:18	7:20	7:50	6:33	7:26	5:03	7:50	5:06	7:44	5:37	7:08	6:14
26	7:19	7:19	7:51	6:32	7:27	5:03	7:51	5:06	7:44	5:38	7:07	6:15
27	7:20	7:17	6:52	5:31	7:28	5:02	7:51	5:07	7:43	5:39	7:05	6:17
28	7:21	7:15	6:53	5:29	7:29	5:02	7:51	5:08	7:42	5:40	7:04	6:18
29	7:22	7:14	6:55	5:28	7:30	5:02	7:52	5:08	7:41	5:42		
30	7:23	7:12	6:56	5:27	7:31	5:01	7:52	5:09	7:40	5:43		
31			6:57	5:26			7:52	5:10	7:39	5:44		

## XXII. 2002-2003 UPLAND GAME SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN, BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS, AND FOOTNOTES. R657-6-37

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	AREAS OPEN	BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT*	FOOTNOTES
(* Possession limit means the number of bag limits one individual may legally possess.)					
<b>Mourning Dove</b>	Sept. 2-Sept. 30, 2002	Statewide, except closed areas.	10	2 bag limits	
<b>Band-tailed Pigeon</b>	Sept. 2-Sept. 30, 2002	Beaver, Garfield, Grand, Iron, Kane, Millard, Piute, San Juan, Sanpete, Sevier, Utah, Washington and Wayne counties.	5	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Band-tailed Pigeon permit required.</li> </ul>
<b>White-tailed Ptarmigan</b>	Sept. 7-Oct. 15, 2002	White-tailed Ptarmigan are only found in very rugged, high elevation areas above timberline in Daggett, Duchesne, Summit and Uinta counties.	4	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● White-tailed Ptarmigan permit required.</li> </ul>
<b>Sandhill Crane</b>	Sept. 7-Sept. 15, 2002	Hunt #001 — All of <b>Rich</b> County.	Only 1 bird of either sex may be taken during the entire season.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sandhill Crane permit required.</li> <li>● 17 permits available.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 7-Sept. 15, 2002	Hunt #002 — East Box Elder County: Beginning on the Utah-Idaho state line at the Box Elder-Cache county line; west on the state line to the Pocatello Valley county road; south on this county road to I-84; southeast on I-84 to SR-83; south on SR-83 to Lampo Junction; west and south on the Promontory Point county road to the tip of Promontory Point; south from Promontory Point to the Box Elder-Weber county line; east on the Box Elder-Weber county line to the Box Elder-Cache county line; north on this county line to the Utah-Idaho state line.	Only 1 bird of either sex may be taken during the entire season.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sandhill Crane permit required.</li> <li>● 25 permits available.</li> <li>● Harold Crane, Public Shooting Grounds and Salt Creek Waterfowl Management Areas are closed to Sandhill Crane hunting.</li> <li>● Bear River National Wildlife Refuge is closed to Sandhill Crane hunting.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 7-Sept. 15, 2002	Hunt #003 — All of Cache County, excluding the area beginning at the intersection of SR-30 and the Box Elder-Cache county line; south and east along the Box Elder-Cache county line to US-91; north and east on US-91 to the Little Bear river; north along the Little Bear River to SR-30; west on SR-30 to the Box Elder-Cache county line.	Only 1 bird of either sex may be taken during the entire season.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sandhill crane permit required.</li> <li>● 46 permits available.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 28-Oct. 6, 2002	Hunt #004 — All of <b>Uintah</b> County.	Only 1 bird of either sex may be taken during the entire season.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sandhill Crane permit required.</li> <li>● 22 permits available.</li> </ul>
<b>Forest Grouse (Blue and Ruffed)</b>	Sept. 14-Nov. 30, 2002	Statewide, except closed areas.	4	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Limits singly or in aggregate.</li> </ul>
<b>Cottontail Rabbit</b>	Sept. 21, 2002-Feb. 28, 2003	Statewide, except closed areas.	10	2 bag limits	
<b>Snowshoe Hare</b>	Sept. 21, 2002-Feb. 28, 2003	Statewide, except closed areas.	5	2 bag limits	

# UPLAND GAME SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN, BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS, AND FOOTNOTES continued.

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	AREAS OPEN	BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT*	FOOTNOTES
(*Possession limit means the number of bag limits one individual may legally possess.)					
Sage-grouse	Sept. 21-Sept. 29, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hunt #001</li> <li>● West Box Elder—That part of Box Elder County west of the Locomotive Springs-Snowville-Stone, Idaho Road.</li> </ul>		Only 2 birds (per permit) of either sex may be taken during the entire season.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sage-grouse permit required.</li> <li>● 267 two-bird permits available.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 21-Sept. 29, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hunt #002</li> <li>● Rich County—All of Rich County.</li> </ul>		Only 2 birds (per permit) of either sex may be taken during the entire season.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sage-grouse permit required.</li> <li>● 58 two-bird permits available.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 21-Sept. 29, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hunt #003</li> <li>● Uintah Basin—All of Daggett County except the area beginning on the east shore of Flaming Gorge Reservoir and the Utah/Wyoming state line; then east on this state line to the Utah/Colorado state line; south on this state line to the Green River; northwest on the Green River and the east shore of Flaming Gorge Reservoir to the Utah/Wyoming state line.</li> <li>● All of Duchesne County north and east of the Duchesne River.</li> <li>● All of Grand County north of I-70.</li> <li>● All of Uintah County except the area beginning at US-40 and the Green River in Jensen; then east on this highway to the Utah/Colorado state line; south on this state line to the White River; west on this river to the Green River; northeast on this river to US-40.</li> </ul>		Only 2 birds (per permit) of either sex may be taken during the entire season.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sage-grouse permit required.</li> <li>● 145 two-bird permits available.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 21-Sept. 29, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hunt #004</li> <li>● Parker Mountain—Beginning at the junction of US-89 and I-70 near Sigurd; south on US-89 to SR-24; south on this highway to SR-62; south on this highway to SR-22; south on this highway to Antimony; south on the John's Valley Road through Widtsoe to Bryce Junction and SR-12; east and north on this highway to SR-24; west on this highway to SR-72 at Loa; north on this highway to I-70; west on this highway to US-89.</li> </ul>		Only 2 birds (per permit) of either sex may be taken during the entire season.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sage-grouse permit required.</li> <li>● 170 two-bird permits available.</li> </ul>
	Nov. 2- Nov. 10, 2002	East Box Elder—That part of Box Elder County beginning at the junction of I-15 and SR-83; then west on SR-83 to Lampo Junction; west along the Union Pacific/Central Pacific Railroad Grade to Locomotive Springs; north on the Locomotive Springs-Snowville-Stone, Idaho Road to the Utah-Idaho border; east along this border to I-15; south on I-15 to SR-83.		Only 2 birds of either sex may be taken during the entire season.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Sharp-tailed grouse permit required.</li> <li>● 143 two-bird permits available.</li> </ul>
Quail (California and Gambel's)	Nov. 2-Nov. 17, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Box Elder, Carbon, Davis, Grand, Juab, Kane, Millard, Piute, Salt Lake, San Juan, Sevier, Tooele, Utah, and Weber counties.</li> <li>● Daggett County is closed.</li> <li>● All of Emery County, except the Desert Lake Waterfowl Management Area is closed.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Hunting begins at 8 a.m. on opening day.</li> </ul>
	Nov. 2-Dec. 31, 2002	Duchesne, Uintah, and Washington counties.	5	2 bag limits	

# UPLAND GAME SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN, BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS, AND FOOTNOTES *continued.*

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	AREAS OPEN	BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT*	FOOTNOTES
(*Possession limit means the number of bag limits one individual may legally possess.)					
Chukar Partridge	Sept. 21-Nov. 30, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Cache, Daggett, Davis, Iron, Millard, Morgan, Rich, Sanpete, Summit, Wasatch and Weber counties.</li> <li>● Those parts of Beaver, Iron, Juab, Millard, Salt Lake and Utah counties east of I-15.</li> <li>● That part of Box Elder County east of I-15.</li> <li>● That part of Sevier County north of I-70.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	
	Sept. 21-Dec. 31, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● That part of Box Elder County beginning at the junction of I-15 and SR-83; then west on SR-83 to Lampo Junction; west along the Union Pacific/Central Pacific Railroad Grade to Locomotive Springs; north on the Locomotive Springs-Snowville-Stone, Idaho Road to the Utah-Idaho border; east along this border to I-15; south on I-15 to SR-83.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Antelope Island is closed to upland game hunting.</li> </ul>
	Sept. 21, 2002-Jan. 31, 2003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Carbon, Duchesne, Emery, Garfield, Grand, Kane, Piute, San Juan, Tooele, Uintah, Washington and Wayne counties.</li> <li>● Those parts of Beaver, Iron, Juab, Millard, Salt Lake and Utah counties west of I-15.</li> <li>● That part of Box Elder County west of I-15 and south of SR-83, south of the Union Pacific/Central Pacific Railroad Grade, and west of the Locomotive Springs-Snowville-Stone, Idaho Road.</li> <li>● That part of Sevier County south of I-70.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	
Hungarian Partridge	Sept. 21-Nov. 30, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Cache, Davis, Morgan, Rich, Summit and Weber counties.</li> <li>● That part of Box Elder County east of I-15.</li> <li>● That part of Juab County east of I-15.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	
	Sept. 21-Dec. 31, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● That part of Box Elder County beginning at the junction of I-15 and SR-83; west on SR-83 to Lampo Junction; west along the Union Pacific/Central Pacific Railroad Grade to Locomotive Springs; north on the Locomotive Springs-Snowville-Stone, Idaho Road to the Utah-Idaho border; east along this border to I-15; south on I-15 to SR-83.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	
	Sept. 21, 2002-Jan. 31, 2003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Tooele County.</li> <li>● That part of Box Elder County west of I-15 and south of SR-83, south of the Union Pacific/Central Pacific Railroad Grade, and west of the Locomotive Springs-Snowville-Stone, Idaho Road.</li> <li>● That part of Juab County west of I-15.</li> </ul>	5	2 bag limits	
<b>Jackrabbit</b> (white-tailed and black-tailed)					
*Jackrabbits are not protected in Utah. They may be hunted without a license, year-round.					

The Division of Wildlife Resources manages and maintains numerous Wildlife and Waterfowl Management Areas throughout the state. These areas are closed during certain times of the year to protect wildlife. Before visiting a WMA, please call the regional Wildlife Resources office in your area for closure dates.

## UPLAND GAME SEASON DATES, AREAS OPEN, BAG & POSSESSION LIMITS, AND FOOTNOTES *continued.*

SPECIES	SEASON DATES	AREAS OPEN	BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT*	FOOTNOTES
(*Possession limit means the number of bag limits one individual may legally possess.)					
Pheasant	Nov. 2-Nov. 17, 2002	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Statewide, except closed areas.</li> <li>● In Weber County, the Willard Bay WMA, and in Duchesne County, the Mallard Springs WMA will be closed on Saturday, Nov. 9 to general public hunting. A special youth upland game hunt will be conducted on these WMAs on Nov. 9. These areas will reopen to general public hunting on Nov. 10.</li> </ul>	2	2 bag limits	
	Nov. 2-Nov. 8, 2002	In all of Utah County, except the Powell Slough Wildlife Management Area, the pheasant hunt closes on Nov. 8, 2002.	2	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Males only may be harvested.</li> <li>● Hunting begins at 8 a.m. on opening day.</li> <li>● The Goshen Warm Springs WMA in Utah County is closed to upland game hunting.</li> </ul>
	Nov. 2-Dec. 1, 2002	<p>***CAUTION***Not all counties are open for 30 day pheasant hunting. Only the following areas are open:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>All state and federal land</b> in Carbon, Duchesne, Emery, Grand, Juab, Millard, San Juan, Sanpete, Sevier, Tooele, and Uintah counties (including private land leased by the Division subject to restrictions and closures imposed by administering agencies).</li> <li>● The Powell Slough WMA in Utah County.</li> <li>● In Emery County, the Huntington WMA, in Millard County, the Pahvant WMA, and in Tooele County, the James Walter Fitzgerald WMA, will be closed on Saturday, Nov. 9 to general public hunting. A special youth upland game hunt will be conducted on these WMAs on Nov. 9. These areas will reopen to general public hunting on Nov. 10.</li> </ul>	2	2 bag limits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Only in certain counties are state and federal lands open to 30 days of pheasant hunting. Check the proclamation carefully!</b></li> </ul>



### On the cover: "Cocky"

A Blue Grouse by Trudy King Evenson — a third generation Western Montanan from a family who homesteaded in the Bitterroot in the early 1900s. Born in the Frenchtown Valley, and mainly raised in Missoula, she was always in the mountains, on a lake, river or on a horse. She started drawing horses at age 5 for she loved her animals and was fascinated by their intelligence and grace. Her father surprised her with a complete set of oil paints when she was 10. Loving her father as she did and always striving to please him started the first serious spurt to produce. Prints are available. Contact info: (406) 626-4648 18055 Mullan Road Frenchtown, MT 59834

### License Suspension

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources has the authority to suspend hunting and fishing privileges for wildlife violations if the Division deems that the violation was committed knowingly, intentionally or recklessly. Any person who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, no contest to, or enters a plea in abeyance to, a wildlife violation may be subject to administrative suspension. Notification of such action is generally served only after criminal proceedings have been concluded. Any Utah order of suspension may be recognized in other states participating in the Wildlife Violator Compact.

# Utah Upland Game Birds



## RUFFED GROUSE

Weight: 16–28 ounces

Length: 16–19 inches

The Ruffed Grouse, *Bonasa umbellus*, is also known as the willow grouse.

Thickets of alder, willow, aspen, maple, and other deciduous shrubs and trees interspersed with conifers provide the most desirable habitat. Buds of deciduous trees and any available fruit and seeds are primary winter food items. During other seasons, fruits, green vegetation, seeds and insects are utilized.

The Ruffed Grouse is an excellent game bird. Good populations are limited to the northern Wasatch Range, but they are capable of providing substantial recreation to the hunting public. Only a small number of hunters choose to match skills and stamina with the Ruffed Grouse. Therefore, the annual harvest is limited. The Ruffed Grouse is native to Utah.

## BLUE GROUSE

Weight: Up to 3.5 pounds

Length: 21 inches, male; 18 inches, female

The Blue Grouse, *Dendragapus obscurus*, is also known as the dusky grouse, pine hen, pine grouse, and fool hen. This bird is dark gray to blackish above with mottled brown on the wings. The underparts are pale bluish-gray marked with white on the sides of the neck and flanks. The tail is dark gray with a broad light gray terminal band. During mating season, the male develops an orange comb over the eye and reddish-purple air sacs on the sides of the neck.

Open stands of conifer or aspen with an understory of brush are preferred habitat. Winters are spent in dense fir trees, usually at higher elevations. In spring, birds move to lower meadow, brush, or open timber stands for mating. After breeding some males move back to higher elevations. Others wait until late summer or fall and gradually return to higher elevations with the hens and young.

Summer food consists of green vegetation, seeds, buds, berries, and insects. The winter diet is primarily the needles and buds of fir trees. The Blue Grouse is native to Utah.



## CALIFORNIA QUAIL

Weight: 6–7 ounces

Length: 9–11.5 inches

The California Quail, *Callipepla californica*, is also known as the valley quail. Males are an olive gray above with a grayish-blue breast. The buff-colored belly has a scaled appearance and is marked with an area of deep chestnut. The black throat and face are bordered with white. The most conspicuous characteristic is a short black plume which curves forward from the crown of the head. The female is more olive brown, the black and white markings of the head are absent, the plume is shorter and brownish, and there is no chestnut patch on the breast.

The species inhabits brushy areas adjacent to cultivated lands, particularly along streams. Paired birds separate from the covey by late April and begin nesting in May.

California Quail feed mainly on vegetable matter. Only about two percent of their diet includes insects. One of the favorite foods is clover. They also feed on weed seeds, waste grain, and many kinds of berries, fruits, and seeds.

The California Quail is native to states of the Pacific coast. They were first introduced into Utah in 1869.



## CHUKAR PARTRIDGE

Weight: Up to 20 ounces

Length: 14–15 inches

The Chukar Partridge, *Alectoris chukar*, is also known as the chukar and the Indian chukar. Both sexes have buffy-gray backs and wings with gray-tinged cap, breast and rump. The bill, legs, and feet are red. Chukars prefer steep, rocky, semi-arid slopes. Low shrubs and rocky outcrops provide loafing or escape cover. Rabbit-brush, sagebrush, saltbush, and cheat grass vegetative associations below the juniper tree belt seem to be preferred. Water sources may be used extensively in late summer. Talus slopes with boulders large enough to conceal the birds seem preferred.

Grass seeds, weed seeds, green leaves, and flowers are the principal food items. If available, waste grains and wild fruits are readily taken. Numerous insects are consumed during the summer. In winter, new growth cheat grass is extremely important. The chukar is a native of the Middle East and Southern Asia. Intensive effort to establish this species in Utah began in 1951. By 1968, 186,000 chukars had been released at 191 different sites. This wide distribution, largely on public lands, provides the potential for increased hunter participation and harvest.



# Utah Upland Game Birds



## HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGE

Weight: 12–13 ounces

Length: 12–14 inches

The Hungarian Partridge, *Perdix perdix*, is also known as the hun, European Partridge, and European Gray Partridge. It is generally found in grassland or mixed sage and grass adjacent to cultivated lands. It occupies open rangeland in some high mountain valleys. Waste grains, weed and grass seeds, green vegetation, and insects are primary food items. Large quantities of insects are taken during the summer. The diet of young chicks may be almost entirely insects.

The Hungarian Partridge is a native of eastern Europe and western Asia. From 1911 to 1939 the Fish and Game Department released huns. These attempts failed. Present populations in northern and western Utah probably resulted from established populations in Idaho and Nevada. It is an excellent game bird but the small area of suitable range limits its potential in Utah. Annual hunts have been held since 1955.

## SAGE-GROUSE

Weight: Male, up to 7 pounds; Female, less than 3 pounds

Length: Male, 25–30 inches; Female, 20 inches

The sage-grouse, *Centrocercus urophasianus*, is also known as the sage-hen and the sage-chicken. It is a grayish-brown bird with a dark belly, and long and pointed tail feathers. The feet are feathered to the toes. The throat of the male is black, bordered with white at the rear. Yellow air sacs, covered with short, stiff, scale-like white feathers, are found on each side of the neck. The female has the same general appearance but lacks the air sacs and has a white throat.

These birds inhabit sagebrush plains, foothills, and mountain valleys. Sagebrush is the predominant plant of quality habitat. Where there is no sagebrush, there are no sage-grouse. A good understory of grasses and forbs, and associated wet meadow areas, are essential for optimum habitat.

Male sage-grouse gather on traditional "strutting grounds" during March and April and put on a spectacular courtship performance — strutting with tails erect and spread, and air sacs inflated. Females visit the grounds during the first part of April. A few dominant cocks do most of the mating. The principal winter food item is sagebrush leaves. During summer, the fruiting heads of sagebrush, leaves and flower heads of clovers, dandelions, grasses and other plants are taken. Insects are also taken during the summer. Sage-grouse are the only North American grouse which do not have a well-developed muscular grinding gizzard.



## RING-NECKED PHEASANT

Weight: Male, up to 3 pounds

Length: Male, 25–34 inches, tail may exceed 20 inches when full size

The Ring-necked Pheasant, *Phasianus colchicus*, prefers diversified agricultural and grain-producing regions. In Utah, the best populations are found in irrigated areas. Plumage of the male is gaudy and brilliant. Prominent characteristics are a greenish-blue head, a white ring around the neck, a pale bluish rump patch, and a long, pointed tail barred with black. Coloration of the female is more drab with a mottled blend of browns with buff and dusky markings. The pheasant cock may mate with several females. During the first part of the nesting season, the hen may lay some eggs which she does not incubate, leading to a common belief that the eggs were not fertile because of insufficient cocks. Usually, however, she will lay a clutch of 10 to 11 eggs. If the nest is destroyed prior to hatching of eggs, the hen will probably reneest. Up to three nests may be established before bringing off a brood, but they hatch and rear only one brood each year.

Waste grains, weed seeds, and green vegetation are the principal food items. Numerous insects are taken during the spring and summer. The Ring-necked Pheasant is a native of eastern Asia. It was first introduced in Utah about 1890. All suitable habitat is now occupied. Although limited to agricultural areas, primarily irrigated croplands, this species is one of the most popular upland game birds in Utah. However, it is illegal to harvest a hen pheasant in Utah.



## SHARP-TAILED GROUSE

Weight: 1.5–1.75 pounds

Length: 20 inches

The sharp-tailed grouse, *Tympanuchus phasianellus*, is also known as the pin-tailed grouse. Both sexes are grayish-brown with black and buffy markings. White spots on the primary wing feathers and the barred pattern of the wing are distinctive features. The under parts are buffy-white whereas the belly and under parts of the tail are white. Bunch-grass areas of the foothills and benches interspersed with deciduous shrubs is the preferred habitat. Males gather on established "dancing grounds" during early spring for courtship displays of dancing. Primary food items are grass seeds, green vegetation, fruits of wild shrubs and trees, buds, and waste grains. Insects are readily taken during the summer.



# 2002 UTAH YOUTH UPLAND GAME HUNTS

**T**he Utah Division of Wildlife Resources, in conjunction with several cosponsors will be conducting five youth pheasant hunts this fall. Youth hunters between the ages of 12-15 and who are recent graduates of hunter education classes are encouraged to participate.

Youth hunters interested in participating are required to complete the application form on the next page and to write a brief one paragraph essay on:

*"I want to continue the Utah upland hunting tradition because..."*

or, *"I would like to start my own upland hunting tradition because..."*

Completed applications and essays must be postmarked on or before September 7, 2002.

If more applications and essays are received than there are slots available for each hunt, a random drawing will be held to determine successful applicants. Successful applicants will be notified by letter, or by e-mail, by mid-October.

## HUNT AREAS

The five areas where youth hunts will be conducted include the following:

The Willard Bay Wildlife Management Area (Weber County) hunt will take place on Saturday November 9, 2002. A total of 90 youth hunters will be accommodated during three hunts throughout the day.

The Mallard Springs Wildlife Management Area (Duchesne County) hunt will take place on Saturday November 9, 2002. A total of 30 youth hunters will be accommodated—15 hunters will hunt in the morning and another 15 hunters will hunt in the afternoon.

The Huntington Wildlife Management Area (Emery County) hunt will take place on Saturday November 9, 2002. A total of 75 youth hunters will be accommodated during three hunts throughout the day.

The Pahvant Wildlife Management Area (Millard County) hunt will take place on Saturday November 9, 2002. A total of 100 youth hunters will be accommodated—50 hunters will hunt in the morning and another 50 hunters will hunt in the afternoon.

The James Walter Fitzgerald Wildlife Management Area (Tooele County) hunt will take place on Saturday November 9, 2002. A total of 100 youth hunters will be accommodated during three hunts throughout the day.

Specific directions for hunt areas will be provided to successful applicants.

## RECRUITING A NEW GENERATION OF SAFE, ETHICAL HUNTERS AMONG REASONS FOR SPECIAL YOUTH-ONLY HUNTS

"The youth hunts are being offered to increase youth interest in upland game hunting and to teach youths to be safe, responsible and ethical hunters," said Dean Mitchell, DWR Upland Game Program Coordinator.

"We've noticed that the number of youth participating in hunting in Utah has declined significantly over time," he said. "These hunts are an opportunity to get youth interested in upland game bird hunting by allowing them, without competition from other hunters, to go into the field and experience what it's like to take an upland game bird.

"They also allow us a 'hands-on' way of teaching these youth what it means to be an ethical, responsible hunter," Mitchell said. Upon arriving at the youth hunting areas, youth hunters will be given a brief presentation about hunter ethics and safety. Presentations will be given by certified Utah hunter education instructors.

After the presentation, youth hunters will go afield and will have two to three hours to harvest their birds—bag limit of two rooster pheasants. Once hunters have taken their birds, they will be given a demonstration and presentations about proper game care and field dressing. Hunter education instructors, DWR personnel and other volunteers will assist hunters in the game care and field dressing of harvested pheasants.

Youths who qualify for either hunt will be required to bring:

- 1) a valid Utah small game or combination license;
- 2) their own legal shotgun and shells (#4 and/or 6 shot);
- 3) a knife or game shears, to field dress harvested pheasants;
- 4) a brimmed orange cap or clothing will be required of the hunter, their guardian and anyone else going afield; and,
- 5) appropriate hunting clothing.

Each youth also must be accompanied by someone 21 years of age or older, who is willing to sign a waiver of liability. Each youth will only be allowed to be accompanied by their guardian while afield.

"Participants also are encouraged to bring their own, trained hunting dog or dogs, if they have them," said Mitchell.

# 2002 UTAH YOUTH UPLAND GAME HUNT APPLICATION

Complete the application and write a one paragraph essay and mail to:

Dean Mitchell  
Upland Game Program Coordinator  
Utah Division of Wildlife Resources  
1594 West North Temple  
Suite 2110, Box 146301  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-6301

Last Name	First Name	Age	Date of Birth
Hunter Education Number and Certification Date			
2002 Utah Small Game or Combination License Number (not needed to apply, but required to participate in the hunt)			
Street Address	City	Zip Code	
Home Telephone	E-mail Address		
Name of Adult Who Will Accompany Applicant			
Relationship to Applicant*			

Youth Hunt Applying For November 9, 2002 (choose only one)

<b>Weber County</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Willard Bay WMA (90 hunters) <b>Duchesne County</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Mallard Springs WMA (30 hunters) <b>Emery County</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Huntington WMA (75 hunters)	<b>Millard County</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Pahvant WMA (100 hunters) <b>Tooele County</b> <input type="checkbox"/> James Walter Fitzgerald WMA (100 hunters)
--	---

<b>Duchesne and Millard county hunts</b> <b>Preferred Hunt Time</b> (circle only one) 8:00 a.m.      1:00 p.m.
<b>Weber, Emery and Tooele county hunts</b> <b>Preferred Hunt Time</b> (circle only one) 8:00 a.m.    11:00 a.m.    2:00 p.m.

\*Persons 13 years of age or younger must be accompanied by their parent or legal guardian, or other responsible person 21 years of age or older and approved (a letter of designation should accompany this application) by their parent or guardian, while hunting with any weapon. A person 14 or 15 years of age must be accompanied by a person 21 years of age or older while hunting with any weapon. As used in this section, "accompanied" means at a distance within which visual and verbal communication are maintained for the purposes of advising and assisting.

Youth Upland Game Hunt Essay:



## Upland Game Hunter's Harvest Record

The Division of Wildlife Resources annually surveys hunters to determine levels of harvest for each species of upland game. It is critical to upland game management programs that accurate harvest information be reported by hunters for each species. In an effort to collect more accurate harvest information, each hunter should record upland game harvest information below for each species and day hunted. This record should be kept and information provided during appropriate upland game harvest surveys. Thanks for your assistance!

[illegible]

2002 UTAH RESIDENT/NONRESIDENT LICENSE AND/OR PERMIT REQUEST FORM

SAGE-GROUSE and SHARP-TAILED GROUSE

MAIL TO THE NEAREST UTAH DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES OFFICE - SEE PAGE 2 FOR ADDRESSES.

For Assistance Call 1-801-538-4700 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Monday - Friday, Except Holidays

Social Security #

Lifetime License # (if applicable)

Hunter Education # and state of issue (required if born after 12/31/65)

Name

Date of Birth

Day Phone # ( )

Home Phone # ( )

Mailing Address

City

State

Zip

Driver's License # and State

# Years Utah Resident

Gender

Height

Weight

Hair Color

Eye Color

Yrs

Mos

M

F

CHECK SELECTED PERMIT(S) BELOW - PLEASE REFER TO THE 2002/2003 UPLAND GAME PROCLAMATION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

☒ SHARP-TAILED GROUSE
 

Number of permits: 143, 2-bird permits. First come, first served

☐ SAGE-GROUSE
 

Enter 3-digit hunt numbers in order of preference. See page 17 for boundary descriptions and hunt #s.

First choice

Second choice

Third choice

Fourth choice

HANDLING FEE (FEE REQUIRED)

\$ 5.00

LICENSE OPTIONS - CHOOSE ONE ONLY:

2002 RESIDENT COMBINATION (Age 12 and Older)

#

OR (\$32.00) FEE IF NEEDED

\$

2002 RESIDENT SMALL GAME (Age 14 and Older)

#

OR (\$17.00) FEE IF NEEDED

\$

2002 RESIDENT SMALL GAME (Age 12-13)

#

OR (\$11.00) FEE IF NEEDED

\$

2002 NONRESIDENT SMALL GAME (Age 12 and Older)

#

OR (\$45.00) FEE IF NEEDED

\$

SHARP-TAILED GROUSE DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU

\$

SAGE-GROUSE DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU

\$

WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU

\$

BAND-TAILED PIGEON DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU

\$

All payments must be made payable to the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (UDWR). Personal checks from out-of-state banks are not accepted.

TOTAL \$

PAYMENT OPTIONS CHOOSE ONLY ONE: ☐ PERSONAL CHECK (In-state accounts only) ☐ MONEY ORDER ☐ CASHIER'S CHECK ☐ CREDIT CARD

APPLICATION MUST BE SIGNED: All statements on this form are true and correct. I understand that if I subscribe to any false statement in this application, I am subject to criminal prosecution. I have read and understand the eligibility rules in the 2002/2003 Upland Game Proclamation.

X

DATE

Applicant Signature

CREDIT CARD: ☐ AMERICAN EXPRESS ☐ DISCOVER ☐ MASTERCARD ☐ VISA

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources is not responsible for credit cards declined due to bank error.

CREDIT CARD INFORMATION AS IT APPEARS ON THE CREDIT CARD BILLING STATEMENT:

CARD NUMBER

EXP DATE

NAME

ADDRESS

CITY STATE ZIP

X

DATE

Full Signature

## License/Permit Request Form INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill out personal information in the spaces provided.
2. Check box for desired permit(s).
3. Enter the hunt numbers from page 17 in the order of preference, if you are requesting a sage-grouse permit.
4. If you already have a 2002 small game or combination license, write the number in the space provided; or choose small game, combination, or nonresident small game license and write in fee amount here.
5. Enter amount of optional donations.
6. Total all fees and donations and write the amount here.
7. Check box indicating method of payment. Payment must be made payable to the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources. Personal checks drawn on an out-of-state account will not be accepted.
8. Sign and date the application. An unsigned application will be rejected.
9. If using a credit card, fill out ALL the information here as it appears on your billing statement.

Double check your credit card number and expiration date.

**Questions? Call (801) 538-4700**

# 2002 UTAH RESIDENT/NONRESIDENT LICENSE AND/OR PERMIT REQUEST FORM FOR SAGE-GROUSE AND SHARP-TAILED GROUSE

MAIL TO THE NEAREST UTAH DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES OFFICE -SEE PAGE 2 FOR ADDRESSES.

For Assistance Call 1-801-538-4700 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. Monday – Friday, Except Holidays

Social Security #

Lifetime License # (if applicable)

Hunter Education # and state of issue (required if born after 12/31/65)

Name

Date of Birth

Day Phone # ( )

Home Phone # ( )

Mailing Address

City

State

Zip

Driver's License # and State

# Years Utah Resident	Gender	Height	Weight	Hair Color	Eye Color
Yrs Mos	M F				

CHECK SELECTED PERMIT(S) BELOW -PLEASE REFER TO THE 2002/2003 UPLAND GAME PROCLAMATION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

☐ SAGE-GROUSE Enter 3-digit hunt numbers in order of preference. See page 17 for number of permits, boundary descriptions and hunt numbers.

First choice  Second choice  Third choice  Fourth choice

☐ SHARP-TAILED GROUSE Number of permits: 143, 2-bird permits. First-come, first-served.

☐ HANDLING FEE FOR SAGE-GROUSE PERMIT (FEE REQUIRED) .....\$ 5.00

☐ HANDLING FEE FOR SHARP-TAILED GROUSE PERMIT (FEE REQUIRED) .....\$ 5.00

LICENSE OPTIONS -CHOOSE ONE ONLY:

2002 RESIDENT **COMBINATION** (Age 12 and Older) .....# .....OR (\$32.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

2002 RESIDENT **SMALL GAME** (Age 14 and Older) .....# .....OR (\$17.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

2002 RESIDENT **SMALL GAME** (Age 12-13) .....# .....OR (\$11.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

2002 NONRESIDENT **SMALL GAME** (Age 12 and Older) ..# .....OR (\$45.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

FALCONRY CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION NUMBER (IF APPLYING FOR SAGE-GROUSE PERMIT AFTER SEPT. 29) .....\$

SAGE-GROUSE DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU .....\$

SHARP-TAILED GROUSE DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU .....\$

ARE YOU A FALCONER (REQUIRED RESPONSE) ☐ YES ☐ NO

All payments must be made payable to the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (UDWR). Personal checks from out-of-state banks are not accepted.

TOTAL \$

PAYMENT OPTIONS CHOOSE ONLY ONE: ☐ PERSONAL CHECK (In-state accounts only) ☐ MONEY ORDER ☐ CASHIER'S CHECK ☐ CREDIT CARD

APPLICATION MUST BE SIGNED: All statements on this form are true and correct. I understand that if I subscribe to any false statement in this application, I am subject to criminal prosecution. I have read and understand the eligibility rules in the 2002/2003 Upland Game Proclamation.

X DATE

Applicant Signature

CREDIT CARD: ☐ AMERICAN EXPRESS ☐ DISCOVER ☐ MASTERCARD ☐ VISA

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources is not responsible for credit cards declined due to bank error.

CREDIT CARD INFORMATION AS IT APPEARS ON THE CREDIT CARD BILLING STATEMENT:

CARD NUMBER           EXP DATE

NAME

ADDRESS

CITY STATE ZIP

X DATE

Full Signature

## *Get Involved With Utah Wildlife*

To provide the public a way to give input to the Division of Wildlife Resources and the Utah Wildlife Board about wildlife management in Utah, Regional Advisory Councils were established throughout the state in the mid-1990s.

There are five RACs in Utah. Each consists of 12 to 15 members selected from the specific community or region. Each RAC has the following:

- two members who represent agriculture
- two members who represent sportsmen
- two members who represent non-consumptive use
- one member who represents business interests
- one member who is a locally appointed public official
- one member from the USDA Forest Service
- one member from the USDI Bureau of Land Management
- two members of the public-at-large, who represent the general interests of the region
- where applicable, one member who represents Native American interests

Members are appointed by the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources, in consultation with the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources.

Members may serve up to two, two-year terms. Each Division regional supervisor serves as the executive secretary for the RAC in his region, just as the Division director serves as the executive secretary for the Wildlife Board.

RACs hold meetings to hear public input about Division of Wildlife Resources proposals, including recommendations, biological data and information about the effects of wildlife. The RACs also gather information from their constituents, the public and government agencies, and make recommendations to the Wildlife Board in an advisory capacity.

Each RAC is charged with hearing different viewpoints and controversial issues. They must incorporate all perspectives and come to the decision that they feel is best for all of Utah's wildlife and its citizens.

Each RAC appoints a chairperson who attends Wildlife Board meetings and presents RAC recommendations to the Wildlife Board during an open public meeting.

The public is invited to give its input and comments to the RACs. After deliberating on the issues, RAC members vote. Motions that pass are taken to the Wildlife Board.

The Wildlife Board has the final decision-making authority. Board members weigh heavily on RAC recommendations when making their final decisions.

From year to year, many of the same topics are addressed during the same month. The timeline is determined by when a specific proclamation needs to be available to the public. If you want to address a specific topic (for example, fishing regulations are discussed during the August RAC meetings) you need to attend the appropriate RAC meeting.

These dates are not set in stone but are adhered to as much as possible. If you plan to attend a RAC meeting, please contact the specific Division regional office to confirm the dates.

- RAC meetings in the Northeastern Region are held at the Vernal City Offices, 447 E. Main St. in Vernal.
- The Southeastern Region, meetings are held at the John Wesley Powell Museum, 885 E. Main St. in Green River.
- The Northern, Central and Southern regions meetings are held in a different location each month.

For information on where the meetings will be held, call the Division regional office in those regions or check the Division web site:

**[www.wildlife.utah.gov](http://www.wildlife.utah.gov)** (Public Meetings)

Public input is the cornerstone to successful decision-making for the Division through the RAC and Wildlife Board process.

**RAC/Board Coordinator Dana Dolsen (801) 538-4790**

Questions may be directed to the RAC chairpersons at the following addresses or phone numbers:

## Regional Advisory Councils

### **Northern RAC**

Ernie Perkins  
3087 Maxine Drive  
Layton, UT 84040-7659  
801 544-5123 (h)  
801 593-2357 (w)

### **Northeastern RAC**

Kathy Paulin  
1912 East 1500 North  
Vernal, UT 84078-9570  
435 789-4506 (h)  
435 789-1181 (w)

### **Central RAC**

Rick Woodard  
937 West 1700 North  
Provo, UT 84604  
801 377-1903 (h)  
801 785-3001 (w)

### **Southeastern RAC**

Dave Bierschied  
411 Loveridge Drive  
Moab, UT 84532  
435 259-8217 (h)  
435 259-7870 (w)

### **Southern RAC**

Sam Rowley  
5500 N Hwy 89  
Monroe, UT 84754  
435 896 8550 (h)  
435 896-8467 (w)

# 2002 UTAH RESIDENT/NONRESIDENT LICENSE AND/OR PERMIT REQUEST FORM FOR BAND-TAILED PIGEON AND WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN

MAIL TO THE NEAREST UTAH DIVISION OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES OFFICE -SEE PAGE 2 FOR ADDRESSES.

For Assistance Call 1-801-538-4700 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. Monday – Friday, Except Holidays

Social Security #

Lifetime License # (if applicable)

Hunter Education # and state of issue (required if born after 12/31/65)

Name

Date of Birth

Day Phone # ( )

Home Phone # ( )

Mailing Address

City

State

Zip

Driver's License # and State

# Years Utah Resident

Gender

Height

Weight

Hair Color

Eye Color

Yrs

Mos

M

F

CHECK SELECTED PERMIT(S) BELOW -PLEASE REFER TO THE 2002/2003 UPLAND GAME PROCLAMATION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

☐ BAND-TAILED PIGEON

Number of permits: Unlimited

☐ WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN

Number of permits: Unlimited; (White-tailed Ptarmigan in Utah are only found in very rugged, high elevation areas above timberline in Daggett, Duchesne, Summit and Uinta counties.)

LICENSE OPTIONS -CHOOSE ONE ONLY:

2002 RESIDENT **COMBINATION** (Age 12 and Older) .....#- .....OR (\$32.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

2002 RESIDENT **SMALL GAME** (Age 14 and Older) .....# .....OR (\$17.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

2002 RESIDENT **SMALL GAME** (Age 12-13) .....# .....OR (\$11.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

2002 NONRESIDENT **SMALL GAME** (Age 12 and Older) ...# .....OR (\$45.00) FEE IF NEEDED .....\$

BAND-TAILED PIGEON DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU .....\$

WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN DONATION (OPTIONAL) THANK YOU .....\$

ARE YOU A FALCONER (REQUIRED RESPONSE) ☐ YES ☐ NO

All payments must be made payable to the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources (UDWR). Personal checks from out-of-state banks are not accepted.

TOTAL \$

PAYMENT OPTIONS CHOOSE ONLY ONE: ☐ PERSONAL CHECK (In state accounts only) ☐ MONEY ORDER ☐ CASHIER'S CHECK ☐ CREDIT CARD

APPLICATION MUST BE SIGNED: All statements on this form are true and correct. I understand that if I subscribe to any false statement in this application, I am subject to criminal prosecution. I have read and understand the eligibility rules in the 2002/2003 Upland Game Proclamation.

X

DATE

Applicant Signature

CREDIT CARD: ☐ AMERICAN EXPRESS ☐ DISCOVER ☐ MASTERCARD ☐ VISA

The Utah Division of Wildlife Resources is not responsible for credit cards declined due to bank error.

CREDIT CARD INFORMATION AS IT APPEARS ON THE CREDIT CARD BILLING STATEMENT:

CARD NUMBER           EXP DATE

NAME

ADDRESS

CITY STATE ZIP

X

DATE

Full Signature